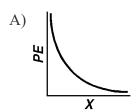
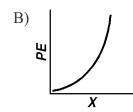
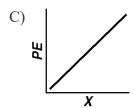
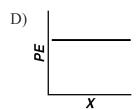
1) Which graph below *best* represents the relationship between the potential energy stored in a spring (*PE*) and the change in the length of the spring from its equilibrium position (*X*)?

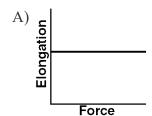


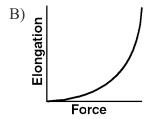


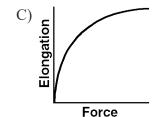


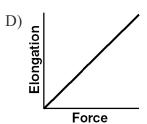


- 2) Spring A has a spring constant of 140 newtons per meter and spring B has a spring constant of 280 newtons per meter. Both springs are stretched the same distance. Compared to the potential energy stored in spring A, the potential energy stored in spring B is
  - A) half as great
- B) twice as great
- C) four times as great
- D) the same
- 3) Which graph best represents the relationship between the elongation of an ideal spring and the applied force?

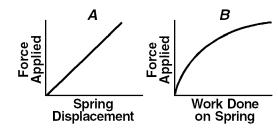








4) Graphs A and B below represent the results of applying an increasing force to stretch a spring which did not exceed its elastic limit.



The spring constant can be represented by the

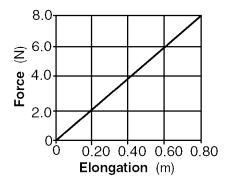
A) slope of graph B

C) slope of graph A

B) reciprocal of the slope of graph A

D) reciprocal of the slope of graph B

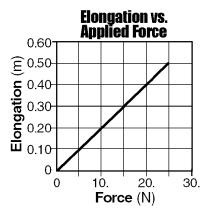
5) The graph below represents the relationship between the force applied to a spring and the elongation of the spring.



What is the spring constant?

- A) 1. N/m
- B) 0.1 m/N
- C) 0.40 N•m
- D) 10. N/m

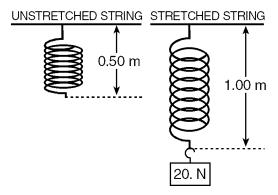
6) The graph below shows the relationship between the elongation of a spring and the force applied to the spring causing it to stretch.



What is the spring constant for this spring?

- A) 50. N/m
- B) 25 N/m
- C) 0.020 N/m
- D) 2.0 N/m
- 7) When a spring is stretched 0.200 meter from its equilibrium position, it possesses a potential energy of 10.0 joules. What is the spring constant for this spring?
  - A) 100 N/m
- B) 125 N/m
- C) 500. N/m
- D) 250. N/m
- 8) What is the spring constant of a spring of negligible mass which gained 8 joules of potential energy as a result of being compressed 0.4 meter?
  - A) 100 N/m
- B) 0.3 N/m
- C) 50 N/m
- D) 40 N/m

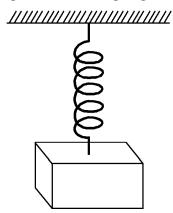
9) A 20.-newton weight is attached to a spring, causing it to stretch, as shown in the diagram below.



What is the spring constant of this spring?

- A) 20. N/m
- B) 40. N/m
- C) 0.25 N/m
- D) 0.050 N/m

10) The diagram below represents a block suspended from a spring.



The spring is stretched 0.200 meter. If the spring constant is 200. newtons per meter, what is the weight of the block?

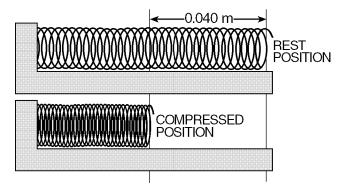
- A) 4.00 N
- B) 40.0 N
- C) 20.0 N
- D) 8.00 N
- 11) A spring has a spring constant of 120 newtons per meter. How much potential energy is stored in the spring as it is stretched 0.20 meter?
  - A) 2.4 J

B) 24 J

C) 4.8 J

- D) 12 J
- 12) A force of 0.2 newton is needed to compress a spring a distance of 0.02 meter. The potential energy stored in this compressed spring is
  - A)  $2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ J}$
- B)  $8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ J}$
- C)  $4 \times 10^{-5} \, \text{J}$
- D)  $2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}$

13) The diagram below shows a spring compressed by a force of 6.0 newtons from its rest position to its compressed position.



Calculate the spring constant for this spring. [Show all work.]